

ABSTRACT

15 A server receives a message from a sender and transmits the message through the
Internet to a recipient. The server normally transmits the message in a first path through the
Internet to the recipient. When the sender indicates at a particular position in the message that
the message is registered, the server transmits the message in a second path through the Internet
to the recipient. The sender can also provide additional indications in the message to have the
server handle the message in other special ways not normally provided by the server. After
20 learning from the receipt or the recipient's agent through the Internet that the message was
successfully received, the server creates, and forwards to the sender, an electronic receipt. The
receipt includes at least one, and preferably all: the message and any attachments, a delivery
success/failure table listing the receipts, and the receipt times, of the message by the recipient's
specific agents, and the failure of other agents of the recipient to receive the message and a
25 digital signature of the message and attachments subsequently. By verifying that the digital
signature on the sender's receipt matches the digital receipt at the server, the server can verify,
without retaining the message, that the receipt is genuine and that the message is accurate.